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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The President's order establishing civil government in the Philippines and appointing Taft governor has been issued. —— Jury rendered a verdict of guilty against Thos. G. Barker, tried for shooting with intent to kill Rev. John Keller. —— Savannah Board of Trade takes action with respect to the tariff conflict between Russia and the United States. —— Barn burning at Gunterville, Ala., resulted in the shooting of a negro by a white man. —— Excitement in Atlanta over murder of Policeman Delray; $700 reward is offered for capture of the murderer. —— Frightful tornado in Nebraska; many people killed and injured. —— Cotton compress with 2,300 bales cotton burned at Houston, Texas. —— J. Wm. Middendorf elected third vice president and V. E. McBee fourth vice president of the S. A. L. system. —— Fourteen people killed and a number injured by an explosion and fire in Paterson, N. J. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent.; last loan 4½ and ruling rate 4 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 8 9 16c; flour weak; wheat—spot market weaker, No. 2 red 76½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 42½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 33½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 21.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 71 degrees; 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 67 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since first of the month to date, 4.82 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The weather continues warm in all sections, with somewhat higher temperature in the central districts. A few scattered showers have fallen in Georgia and North Carolina.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—For North Carolina—Showers Saturday; Sunday fair; fresh southerly winds.

Port Almanac—June 22.

Sun Rises	4.43 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.19 P. M
Day's Length	14 H. 36 M.
High Water at Southport	12.00 A. M
High Water Wilmington	2.30 A. M

They have discovered a brand new tribe of apes in Central Africa, great big fellows, which so closely resemble the other natives that they call them "ape-men," Darwin's "missing link," perhaps.

Cuban newspapers are discoursing on the poverty of their language. When they want to express their feelings, since that amendment was forced upon them, they can't do it emphatically enough without borrowing American talk.

Mr. Scott, a Massachusetts millionaire, has spent 113 days in jail for refusing to pay two notes of $2,500 each, which he says are the result of a put up job. He declares he will stay there till the undertaker carries him out before he will be blackmailed.

Sometimes convict labor in the penitentiaries comes in handy. When the Trust put up the price of farmers' binding twine, the Kansas penitentiary superintendent put the prisoners to spinning twine, which is sold to farmers at three cents a pound less than the Trust demanded.

That American millionaire snob who advertises in the London *Times* for a titled lady to chaperon his daughter for three months for which service he is willing to pay $25,000, will have no trouble in finding chaperons. Lots of the titled ladies over there are quite thrifty.

A dentist in Indianapolis, Ind., has caught on to the Japanese and Chinese method of pulling teeth with the finger and thumb. In those countries tooth pullers never use forceps, but practice with the finger and thumb until they get a grip that would pull a quarter out of Russell Sage.

The only floating post office that we have ever heard of is in the Straits of Magellan. It consists of a painted barrel chained to a rock, permitting it to float. Passing vessels investigate it and take out what mail they find and if they have any deposit it in that office, close the bung hole and go on.

When Russell Sage becomes tired of life in New York and wants to take up his abode in the rural regions he can retire to that 30,000 acre patch in Minnesota which the courts have recently decided belongs to him. Possibly some of the occupants might object as they supposed they owned the land, which they bought from a railroad many years ago, unaware of the fact that Russel held mortgages on it.

SPLENDID BOOKINGS

For the Wilmington and Greensboro Opera Houses for Next Season.

MR. SCHLOSS MANAGES BOTH.

The Season Will be a Big Improvement On Last—It Will Open in August With Matthews and Bulger in a New Musical Comedy.

When one theatrical season terminates there is always a desire to know if anything good may be expected for the next. The 1900 01 season at the Wilmington Opera House closed a month or so ago, so now eyes turn to the coming one, which Manager Schloss says is to far surpass the last. The past season was a very successful one, though not an artistic triumph. It presented a number of good attractions, which our theatre goers duly appreciated. Of course, the bookings for next season are not near completed, though there are enough standard ones already dated to show that the list will be unusually strong. The season will be inaugurated the latter part of August by Matthews & Bulger, whose last success, "The Night of the Fourth," can be recalled readily and with pleasure. These two comedians will be presented by the well known managerial firm Broadhurst Bros., of "What Happened to Jones" fame, in a brand new musical creation entitled "Adolph and Rudolph."

Then in October the splendid opera, the "Wizard of the Nile," that helped Frank Daniels up the ladder in New York two seasons or so ago, will appear, and long about in December the popular "Belle of New York" will be on the boards. October is also to bring along Al G. Fields' Minstrels and this time it will be Al himself.

After Xmas will give rise to some first-rate attractions, in the lead being Sousa's Band, James O'Neill, Odette Tyler and a big scenic revival of Ouida's "Under Two Flags," which the past season has enjoyed exceptionally big success in New York city.

Odette Tyler's achievements are so well known that it is not necessary to introduce her. She will be seen in conjunction with the favorite actor, R. B. McLean,

These are only some of the main bookings, as Manager Schloss is making new contracts almost daily and about the last part of July or first part of August he will go to New York to "touch up" his representatives there, Klaw & Erlanger. Not only is he booking attractions for the house in this city, but also for the new theatre in Greensboro, which is now under his management. He states that the bookings for the new play house will practically be the same as here, so consequently Greensboro theatregoers may also expect a flattering season's offering.

A manager for the Greensboro house has not yet been selected, but in all probability will be before July 10, as upon that day it will be opened.

ARMORY IMPROVEMENTS.

Planned by the Light Infantry—Handsome Building Will be Thoroughly Renovated.

While the amount of money sufficient for making the contemplated improvements at the handsome armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry has not been raised, yet the plans for the improvement and some necessary alterations have been formulated.

About the only alteration of importance that will take place will be the converting of the plazza on the north end of the building and the small room at the northwestern corner into a large band room for the use of the Second Regiment Band. The band already has its quarters at the armory, but when the new apartments are prepared for their reception they will be strictly "in it," as they intend to make it an ideal band hall.

The bath rooms in the building are to be transferred from the third floor and located at an advantageous point in the basement.

Almost all the rooms and halls of the building are to be repapered and the paint brush daubed here and there in an artistic manner. The outside of the building will also come in for its share. In fact, the armory is to be thoroughly renovated and put in tip top shape.

In Honor of Mrs. Belden.

Mrs. W. N. Cronly gave a tea yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Arthur Belden, of Birmingham. It was a delightful affair and took place at the Cronly residence, corner Second and Ann streets. Mrs. Cronly and her guest of honor received their guests in the attractively decorated parlors of the house between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock.

Suspect Waddell Set Free.

There were no new developments in the Price murder case yesterday, but the detectives are still hard at work.

Suspect Waddell has been discharged from custody. He was set free yesterday morning on an order from Justice Fowler's court, as there was no evidence against him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G. R. Freuch & Sons—Stop in our store.

THE GIANTS ON TOP.

Result Cannot be Changed by Games To-day.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Compton* arrived yesterday from Little River.

— Rev. P. C. Morton will preach at Southport Sunday, morning and afternoon.

— The Elks have extended the hospitality of their splendid home to the Bar Association.

— Rev. J. S. Smith, of Fair Bluff, will conduct services Sunday after noon at 4 o'clock at Delgado.

— The barque *Varuna*, hailing from Havana, was held up at the quarantine station down the river yesterday morning.

— The puzzle pictures printed on the third page of the STAR are attracting almost as much attention from the "younger set" as base ball.

— Major Chas. C. Bunch, assistant quartermaster general, having finished up his work at Wrightsville camp, went home yesterday.

— The lady's pocket-book advertised in the STAR was restored to the owner yesterday, who called in person and went on her way rejoicing.

— The tax listers of the townships outside of the city will be at the court house next Thursday for the purpose of listing property owned by Wilmingtonians in these localities.

— The colored washerwoman, Bessie McFadden, charged with larceny, was tried by Mayor pro tem. West in the police court yesterday and bound over to the higher court.

— The two alleged store burglars arrested Thursday night by Chief Furlong and Capt. Williams were not tried yesterday, but will probably be given a hearing in the police court this morning.

— Concerning the encampment fund the STAR said yesterday it would be "necessary for our citizens to make a donation of $10,000. That was very naught-y—just one naught too many, as a matter of fact. So, we'll call it $1,000.

SEVERAL ADMIRALTY CASES

Will Likely be Tried by Judge Purnell Here Next Week.

Judge Thos. R. Purnell, of the United States District Court, will arrive in the city the early part of next week to attend the meeting of the Bar Association. While here he will likely give hearing to several admiralty cases. One case will be tried anyway, provided counsel representing both sides are ready. It is a suit brought by London Cotton, colored, against the New York steamship *Saginaw*, for $5,000 alleged damages, sustained by him while working in the hold of the ship.

The accident happened last December. Cotton was hit by a falling hatch and claims that he sustained severe bodily injuries, his head being mashed, shoulder dislocated and several ribs broken. He alleges that the accident was due to a person in charge of the dummy engine which was hoisting the cargo from the hold, where he was working. That the person running the engine was not an engineer, but had been left in charge by the engineer and that his incompetency caused a piece of freight to collide with the hatch, which was dislodged from its position and fell, hitting and injuring him as set forth in the complaint.

The plaintiff will be represented by Herbert McClammy, Esq., and W. J. Bellamy, Esq., and Messrs. Rountree & Kerr are counsel for the defendant steamship.

Another admiralty case that will very probably be heard is one docketted Chas. M. Whitlock vs. the steamer *Buck*.

Birthday Party Tuesday Night.

The Organ Fund Society of Grace M. E. Church is to give another one of their delightful birthday parties next Tuesday night at the residence of Mrs. M. E. Graffiin, corner of Second and Walnut streets. The idea of such a party has been a popular one for several years and will always furnish enjoyment. There will also be an impromptu programme of music and delicious refreshments.

The organ fund is now almost completed and the society deserves great credit for its zealous, noble work.

Bankruptcy Proceedings To-day.

Samuel H. McRae, Esq., of Fayetteville, will this morning as referee resume hearing in the bankruptcy case of Jacob H. Royal, of Clinton. The defendant will be represented by Allen & Dortch, of Goldsboro. The hearing will take place at the United States Court room.

Referee McRae has also sent notice to creditors in the case of bankruptcy of G. K. Masengill, of Dunn, that the first dividend will be paid in this city Monday.

HAIL THE CHAMPIONS!

Sturdy Giants King of All and Deserve Every Bouquet That Can be Picked.

WILMINGTON VERY HAPPY.

Yesterday's Glorious Victory Over Norfolk Made Us As Firm As the Rock of Gibraltar—We Open New Series at Tarboro Monday.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Wilmington, 7; Norfolk, 3.
Newport News, 3; Richmond, 5.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

Wilmington at Norfolk.
Richmond at Newport News.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent
Wilmington	36	23	.610
Newport News	32	25	.561
Norfolk	32	25	.561
Raleigh	29	28	.509
Portsmouth	24	32	.429
Richmond	18	38	.321

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NORFOLK, VA., June 21.—The championship for the first half of the Virginia-Carolina League was settled today by Wilmington taking the Norfolk boys into camp, to the tune of 7 to 3, and though we don't look for a brass band at the train and an ice cream festival with all the "rooterinas" invited and a guarantee of an introduction all around, still we feel that we have worked conscientiously and deserve a reasonable amount of credit; and if we do not win the second series, the people who fight against us will know when the "grand finale" comes, that they have been up against the "real thing," at any rate.

The management and players have worked in perfect harmony and there has been a feeling of good fellowship and interest that does not always show up in a professional base ball team; and though there have been knockers on the outside who have swung the mighty sledge, still we won it and have only a feeling of sympathy for those, as Kipling says, "who do not understand."

But the game. Those who saw the game to-day left the ground with sundry impressions. The umpire smelled like a piece of tripe after a day or two of exposure to the sun of the Sunny South, still he was consistent and tried to cheer up, only to get himself in deeper water. Our boys had ginger to burn; they hit the ball when hits meant runs and jollied the Norfolk boys along till poor Mr. Cunningham's heart was like a piece of gum arabic stretched clear across his bosom. In the third, Smith walked and Stewart, anticipating a steal, made a bluff at the latter, then threw to Stafford, catching Smith off the the base. Smith ran for second and Bob threw to "Lizzie," who gave Smith a rap on the head that relieved him of his cap; but Staley, who is afraid in Norfolk, said "safe!" We howled, but before the smoke cleared away they had knocked in three runs which sufficed for their share during the game. We had our fun in the fourth, too. "Scissors" cracked one down to big Kemmer, but it was too hot for "little Willie," and he booted it. Then Stafford, after attempting to sacrifice, lambasted one out in left garden, landing "Sliver" on third, while he pulled up at second. Then Sebring hit a hot one to Slagle who fumbled, then fielded it home, but the the umpire said Davy was safe and a howl went up from grand stand and bleachers while Cunningham ordered camphor. On the first ball pitched Sebring went to second and no one covered the bag; Stafford scored, McGinnis singled to left, scoring Sebring, "Mac" going to second on the throw in. Stewart scored him on a pretty single to left. Clayton retired the side on a fly to the infield.

In the sixth Sebring rapped out a scorching single and stole second and was scored by McGinnis' two-bagger to right. In the seventh Warren led off with a ripping two-bagger over the centre fielder's head and was scored by Stewart's sacrifice and Clayton's single. We scored in the eighth on an error by Smith and Sebring's single.

We all played great ball, and went in with that spirit that brings many a game "down home."

Newport News has been transferred to Tarboro and Portsmouth goes to Charlotte. Voltz and Rapp will report in Charlotte Monday. Wilmington plays in Tarboro Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday; and Charlotte plays in Raleigh on those dates.

An Episode.

After leaving Hotel Madison, in Portsmouth, the following appeared in the *Virginian-Pilot*, and I was asked to write a reply, which follows:

"Wilmington Players Offended—Clerk Montague, of Madison Hotel, was made indignant by the conduct of the Wilmington base ball team, which registered at the hostelry Sunday afternoon. During supper members of the team amused themselves by singing and, according to the hotel people, tossing spoons and forks at one another. Mr. Montague put up such a vigorous remonstrance that the Wilmington people got offended and left the place."

Deceiving the Public.

In justice to the Wilmington base ball club, the members of that organization desire to answer the "Effort" of the Madison representative which appeared in this morning's *Pilot*. The facts of the case are as follows:

The members of the team were assigned such rooms at the "Beanery," known as Hotel Madison, that even the oldest leaguer in the crowd looked askance and held his nose while he sat down his baggage and hurried out. Most of the rooms were occupied, some of the occupants were alive and some were dead, but those that still breathed scampered over the beds, hid in cracks and under the pillows, casting a hungry eye as they pondered over the prospect of a square meal when bedtime came. Then the management decided to leave after supper. The clerk watched through the window to see that there was no fruit taken from the tables, and the boys joked and laughed. However, we heard nothing from the clerk until he found we had decided to leave. Then he charged us Waldorf Astoria prices, and wrote us up in the paper just because he was mad. We don't care to stop at Hotel Madison. We were not turned out over there, nor have we been from any hotel. Nor have we had any trouble at any hotel. We feel, however, that to be asked to leave a "tavern" like Hotel Madison would be a personal favor to any one.

SCORE BY INNINGS

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Norfolk	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	2
Wilmington	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	1	0	7	14	0

Batteries: Slagle and L[illegible]an; Stewart and Cranston.

THE TABULATED SCORE.

Norfolk.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mullen, lf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Smith, ss	3	1	1	3	1	0
Pulsifer, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Kemmer, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Russell, rf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Meade, 3b	4	0	1	2	1	0
Pratt, 2b	2	0	1	3	3	0
Lehman, c	2	0	0	4	1	1
Slagle, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total	28	3	6	27	8	2

Wilmington.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clayton, ss	5	0	2	5	3	0
Devlin, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Crockett, 2b	3	2	3	2	2	0
Stafford, 1b	5	1	1	11	0	0
Cranston, c	4	0	0	2	1	0
Sebring, lf	5	2	2	2	0	0
McGinnis, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Warren, 3b	5	1	2	2	5	0
Stewart, p	2	0	1	1	0	0
Total	38	7	14	27	11	0

Summary—Earned runs, Norfolk 2, Wilmington 4; two base hits, Meade, McGinnis and Warren; stolen bases, Crockett, Stafford, Sebring, Smith and Pulsifer; double plays, Spratt to Kemmer, Warren to Stafford, Clayton to Stafford, Warren to Crockett to Stafford; base on balls, off Stewart 3, off Slagle 2; struck out, by Stewart 2, by Slagle 1; hit by pitched ball, Mullen; sacrifice hits, Lehman and Stewart (2); left on bases, Norfolk 3, Wilmington 8. Time, 1:40. Umpire, Mr. Staley.

The Worst is Passed, And the Giants Can't Be Beaten Now.

— Fourteen hits and nary error.

— Read the STAR'S Norfolk special telegram. It is a warm number.

— The rooters and rooterinas were in high glee over the news from Norfolk yesterday.

— Whether the Giants win or lose to-day they will be at the top of the percentage column.

— The Giants covered themselves with glory. Meet them at the train when they come home.

— The new series of games will begin Monday, when the old figures will be rubbed out and all the teams make an even start.

— O'Steen is said to have jumped Newport News Thursday and made tracks for North Carolina. To what team is not stated.

— The STAR'S roosters heard the glad tidings from Norfolk and crowed triumphantly over the surrender of the crew of the Mary Jane with all of the appurtenances.

— Even if Norfolk and Newport News win to-day and Wilmington is allowed but one forfeited Portsmouth game, we will still be on top to night when the first series of games ends.

—Next week Wilmington will play the Tarboro team, (formerly Newport News) at Tarboro, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. The same teams will probably play in Wilmington Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

— The horse editor files a *caveat* on the Raleigh *News and Observer* in the matter of a trade mark for the new Charlotte team. We even got ahead of the Charlotte papers in calling them "Hornets." All rights reserved.

— President Dick received a wire last night from Manager H. B. Peschau, stating the advisability of the Giants opening the new series at Tarboro next week, playing there Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. President Dick wired him to go to Tarboro; so we won't see the champions until the latter part of next week.

— The rollicking, rootering, religious reporter of the *News and Observer* says: "If Wilmington expects to claim as its own the game that Portsmouth did not play, Raleigh will have to have three." Well, one of the two forfeited games is all we need, and if you "have to have" three, why, take 'em, and then where will you be?

The Other Game.

At Newport News—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Newport News	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	6	6
Richmond	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	5	9	4

Batteries: Gettig and Foster; Thomas and Manners.

Maxton Games Yesterday.

The horse editor warned "Sandy" McKinnon yesterday to "hold on" as there were two more games to be played. The following special from the great "Cantalouper" shows that the Wilmington boys showed wonderful improvement yesterday: "Morning game, six to five in favor of Wilmington. Evening game, six to two, in favor of Maxton, "Courtesy" Biggs' pitching and Brake's stick work for Maxton were features."

Maxton Post Office.

Lumberton *Argus*: Mrs. Octavia McLean, who was recently appointed postmaster at Maxton by President McKinley, has taken charge of the office. Her assistants will be Frank McLean, of Maxton, and Carl McLean, of Laurinburg. Carl has been assistant to postmaster Cooper at Laurinburg for the past sixteen months.

BRILLIANT OPENING

Last Night of the Popular Atlantic Yacht Club of Wrightsville Beach.

MOST SUCCESSFUL OF YEARS.

A Big Dance and Other Pleasurable Features — Club Building Beautifully Decorated — Many Strangers Were Present.

The formal opening of the popular Atlantic Yacht Club, of Wrightsville Beach, took place last night and was a brilliant success. It surpassed by far the openings of former years, which is saying much, as every naugural social event in the history of the club has been a big success. The attendance last evening was also unusually large and everybody had a splendid time. The hospitality of the club was showed by the clubmen of both Carolina and Hanover and also by many strangers. In fact the large number of visitors was marked and the clever entertainment committeemen were always solicitous after their pleasure.

The main feature was, of course, a big dance in the airy ball room of the club building, though great enjoyment was derived from moonlight strolls on the beach, where red fire was burned almost constantly to enliven the scene, or delightful tete a-tetes on the cool club house piazza, which was illuminated by many Japanese lanterns.

Delicious ices and other refreshments were daintly served during the evening.

The large crowd in attendance returned to the city on the midnight train.

The Atlantic Club intends to follow up last night's successful opening dance with many similar ones. The Fourth of July will also be another Red Letter day in the history of the club.

MISSTATEMENTS CORRECTED.

Relative to Excess Charges at the Port of Wilmington—Prompt Action Did the Business.

The joint action taken by the Chamber of Commerce and the Produce Exchange a short while ago in correcting erroneous reports published in a commercial paper of Liverpool relative to this port, has met with a prompt and satisfactory result.

Yesterday Mr. M. W. Jacobi, president of the Chamber of Commerce, received the following letter from Editor John Green, of the Liverpool publication.

DEAR SIR:—I beg to acknowledge with many thanks information sent me regarding your port of Wilmington. It has just reached me in time to be inserted in a new edition of the books which is at present in the hands of the printer.

It is only by co operation such as yours I can expect to make a perfect manual of reference.

Please convey my thanks to the other gentlemen who have helped you, and believe me to be,

Yours sincerely,
JOHN GREEN.

The Liverpool *Journal* is devoted to noting dues and charges made on shipping in foreign ports, and it was along this line that Wilmington was misrepresented, which envoked prompt action by our two live commercial bodies.

Work of the Encampment Committee.

The encampment committee was on its rounds yesterday and succeeded in increasing the subscription list many dollars. They are working zealously and deserve much credit. Our citizens, too, are to be commended upon their willingness to assist. Especially is credit due to the lumber companies of the city who have donated sufficient material for the entire camp work. Each and every lumber company in the city responded generously and will not in the slightest reap any benefit except from the satisfaction in knowing that they acted as live citizens and promoted the interests of the city.

The committee will resume its work this morning.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Beth Daggett has gone to spend the Summer at Pulaski City, Va.

— Miss Blanche Fentress has returned from a pleasant visit to Wilson.

— Rev. Joseph P. King has returned from from a visit to his son in Florida.

— Miss Blanche Cromartie, of Dunn, who has been visiting in the city, has returned home.

— Mrs. E. R. Brodie and daughter, Miss Fannie, of Wilson, are in the city, the guests of Mrs. E. R. Daggett.

— Miss Belle Anderson leaves today for Brunswick, Ga., where she will spend a month visiting friends.

— Hon. Charles M. Stedman, President of the N. C. Bar Association, which holds its annual session next week at Wrightsville Beach, is expected to arrive here Monday night.

— Miss Rosa C. Bailey, a popular young lady of Winston, and her brother, Mr. F. H. Bailey, were in the city yesterday on their way to the Seashore Hotel.

— Miss Cammie Lord will leave this morning for Avoca, N. C., on a visit, thence she goes to spend the remainder of the Summer at the famous Sweet Chalybeate Springs, of Virginia.

Dr. Collier Locates Here.

Dr. G. Kirby Collier, one of Wilmington's successful young professional men and recently of Baltimore, Md., has returned here to locate. He has fitted up a nice office at his residence, corner Front and Grace streets. The STAR in unison with his host of friends extends to him a hearty welcome and wishes him much success.

City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

Church Notices.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. J. J. Porter will preach at 11 A. M., and at the evening service.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., pastor. 11 A. M., "Predestinated to be conformed to the image of His Son." 8:15 P. M., "The Devil and the Dollars."

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor. Services 11 o'clock A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting service every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

First Presbyterian Church. Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 5:00 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8:15 P. M. The public cordially invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure pastor. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Passeur, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church. Rev. John H. Hall, pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 3.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Sunday School, W. B. Cooper, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ice Cream

One Dollar Per Gallon.

Vanilla, Chocolate, Pineapple.

Palace Bakery in full blast.

ANDREW MAVRONICHOLS.

Candy Store—Bell 'Phone 346. Inter-State 191.
Palace Bakery—Bell 'Phone 261, Inter-State 23. my 12 tf

Hay, Corn, Meal, Oats, Flour.

Several cars just in. Full line

CANNED GOODS,

Snuff, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

Get our samples and prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Je 21 tf Nutt and Mulberry

TRINITY COLLEGE

Offers one hundred and twenty-five graduate and undergraduate courses of study. Twenty-three teachers in academic courses. Eight laboratories equipped with modern apparatus. Large library facilities. Best gymnasium and athletic appointments in the State.

Scholarships and Loan Funds.

Attendance nearly doubled within the past seven years. Expenses very low. The best college is the one that offers a student the best advantages. Send for catalogue.

PRESIDENT KILGO,
Je 21 4w Durham, N. C.

Save Money.

$ 61.50 in Castor Oil.
$ 43.80 in Harlem Oil.
$ 81.40 in Quinine.
$ 26.16 in Essence Cinnamon.
$ 15.11 in Essence Lemon.
$ 27.50 in Epsom Salts.
$217.80 in Laundry Soap.
$ 87.50 in Toilet Soap.
$103.11 in Gold Dust.
$270.80 in Can Syrup.
$218.90 in Can Tomatoes.
$110.40 in Table Peaches.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer
308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
Je 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

California Cherries,

Native Peaches,
Bananas, Oranges,
Apples, Cocoanuts.

Chocolate and Vanilla CREAM.

Give me your orders.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
204 Princess street.
Bell 'Phone 680. Inter-State 132.
Je 8 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT.

Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach: MONDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; TUESDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; WEDNESDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; THURSDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; FRIDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; SATURDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; SUNDAY 10.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.

Leave Wilmington for Southport: MONDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; TUESDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; WEDNESDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; THURSDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; FRIDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; SATURDAY 6.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.; SUNDAY 10.00 A. M., 12.30 P. M.

Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington: MONDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; TUESDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; WEDNESDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; THURSDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; FRIDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; SATURDAY 8.45, 5.15, 7.30; SUNDAY 6.00, 9.15, 6.00.

Leave Southport for Wilmington: MONDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; TUESDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; WEDNESDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; THURSDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; FRIDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; SATURDAY 8.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 6.30 P. M.; SUNDAY 12.00 M., 4.30 P. M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 Boats 15 cents to Pier and return.

J. W. HARPER.
je 11 tf

Show-Down Tobacco.

Ace, King, Queen, Jack and Ten Spot. This Tobacco is an extra good chew. You will like the flavor. Tags are valuable. (See Premium list). The following are a few of the merchants handling these goods, viz:

J. H. Boesch, 801 North Fourth street.
W. A. Walker, corner Fourth and Harnett.
Chas. Schulken, 1202 North Fourth.
Gieschen Bros., corner Front and Red Cross.
J. P. Montgomery, Third and Castle.
F. A. Montgomery, Second and Castle.
J. C. Walton, Seventh and Castle.
J. D. Southerland & Co., Seventh and Castle.
D. L. T. Capps & Bro., 602 Castle.
G. W. Green, 614 Castle.
J. H. Bornemann, Seventh and Nun.
C. D. Gore, Ninth and Orange.
G. F. Tienken, corner Eleventh and Market.
Elijah Walton, Eleventh and Market.
B. H. J. Ahrens, Seventh and Market.
J. F. Benton, 106 North Tenth.
Humphrey & Aman, corner Sixth and Chesnut.
B. C. Moore, 901 North Fourth.
Geo. Schnibben, Seventh and Nixon.
Martin Rathjen, corner Sixth and Swann.
B. J. Kulken, Sixth and Brunswick.
Martin Schnibben, Sixth and Red Cross.
J. Q. Herring, 914 North Fourth.
Paul Caase, Wrightsville.

No grit; no stems; no dirt.

Ten thousand given away free Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week

Vollers & Hashagen,
je 18 tf Distributors.

GERMANIA,

Portland Cement.

Hoffman, Rosindale Cement.

Bagging and Ties,
Molasses,

Domestic and Imported

Salt, Grain, Lime,
Hay, Nails.

The Worth Co.
my 14 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after June 3rd, 1901, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6 30 A. M.	7 45 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	11 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	3 45 P. M.
5 10 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 30 P. M.	10 00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
10 10 A. M.	11 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 30 P. M.	9 00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday on account of Hotel and Club House dances extra train will leave Wilmington 11 P. M., the Beach at 12 P. M.

Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains, except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and Freight Prepaid. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

R. O. GRANT,
je 1 tf Superintendent.

New Goods!

Marrow Fat Beans.
Evaporated Apricots.

Fox's Saratoga Chips.

Dried Lima Beans.
Postum Cereal—Grape Nuts.
Baker's Cocoa and Chocolate.
Au Mara Squin—Bigarreaux.
Stuffed Olives 10c a Jar.

S. W. SANDERS,
At The Unlucky Corner.
my 15 tf

Wheat Bran.

1 Car load Wheat Bran.
1,900 Bushels White Corn.
2,800 Bushels Mixed Corn.
1,200 Bushels Virginia Meal,
and all other goods usually kept in a grocery Store.

D. L. CORE CO.
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
Je 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of Ella E. Van Orsdell, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to her estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate must present them for payment on or before the fourth day of May, 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This 4th day of May, 1901.

ROBERT B. LEWIS,
my 4 6t sa Administrator C. T. A.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 22.

DON'T WANT TO TOUCH IT.

The recent meeting of the National Association of Manufacturers at Detroit in which an almost unanimous demand for tariff reduction was made has stirred up those manufacturers who still want protection. There was a special meeting of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia last Wednesday night to give expression to their views on the action taken by the National Association of Manufacturers in declaring for reciprocity and for a reduction of the tariff where protection was no longer necessary, and for the appointment of a committee to promote legislation to provide for this. The Philadelphia Club was apprehensive that this would lead to the opening of the tariff question all along the line, and to the imperilling of the Dingley tariff and the principle of protection, to which the Republican party has fully committed itself.

This club doesn't want the tariff touched and insists that reciprocity is the only step that should be taken in the matter of the tariff. This would still give the protected manufacturers control of the home market, of which they have, both under the McKinley and Dingley tariffs, had a monopoly. They adopted some resolutions which had been previously prepared by the Board of Directors, the substance of which is thus given by the Philadelphia *Record*:

"They recite that the present prosperity of the country is directly traceable to the protective system; that the popular vote has made the protective principle no longer a mooted question and that the Manufacturers' Club deprecates any attempt to revive tariff agitation. It is also declared that if the Industrial Commission, now investigating the subject, should deem an alteration of any part of the tariff schedules necessary it should be revised by a non-partisan tariff commission.

The last resolution declares "that in adhering to the principle of reciprocity as originally formulated in the Republican platform of 1900, to wit: 'We favor the associated policy of reciprocity so directed as to open our markets on favorable terms for what we do not ourselves produce, in return for free foreign markets, and as expressed in existing laws operating through the tariff, which provide for concessions on articles not produced by ourselves in exchange for like concessions on our domestic products,' having in view the preservation of the integrity of our home markets, we have a valuable means for the extension of our world trade without injury to our industries.

This is almost comical. What kind of a reciprocity would it be that gave favorable consideration to the things which we do not produce but takes none of the burdens off things which we do produce? How many things are there for which the people of this country have use which we do not produce? There are some things of which we do not produce a sufficiency now of which we will produce all we want for consumption in the near future. There is scarcely an article on the tariff list which we cannot produce, and of which we will not produce more than we do now so that the reciprocity which these protectionists favor would, so far as benefitting the American people and American trade goes, amount to be but little.

But these gentlemen who so dread losing their grip on the home market don't want the tariff touched lest it reduce the protection they have and make it possible for foreign goods to come into this market to compete with the goods they make. Any reciprocity scheme which fails to do that will be a worthless fraud, not worth the time spent in drafting it and the paper it is written on. It will be practically worthless because it will necessarily be confined to a limited number of articles, and these of a kind of which the American people import little and it will also be practically confined to the nations with which we have the least trade, leaving those with which we have the most trade where they are now. It will be a discrimination, too, as we remarked a few days ag in discussing this question, against the nations with which we have the most trade, which are on a free trade or low tariff basis. Admitting our products free of tariff duty or at low rates what have they to offer in return for the favors shown their goods? They cannot meet a reduction of tariff on their goods by a similar reduction on our goods shipped to their ports, for there is in the case of England, for instance, no tariff to reduce. England is our best customer on the other side of the sea, so that England could not come into the reciprocity scheme at all.

These manufacturers are actuated by the same selfishness now which inspired them when these tariff measures were under consideration, a fact of which they were reminded by Congressman Robert Adams, who was present at the meeting and by invitation made some remarks, in the course of which he said:

"We are reaching out to the East, why do not the manufacturers of the United States put forth efforts to get the trade South America? The touch between our legislators and our business men and manufacturers is not so close as it should be. Whatever differences have arisen between them and the men engaged in the drafting of legislation or treaties have been due to a lack of practical information. When the tariff is in danger you rush down to Washington, and we have too much information. That is you don't come there as American citizens, but to press a particular interest.

There is much in this. They wail for protection and plead against any reduction of their tariff that would lessen the monopoly of the home market while in the countries South of us are fifty millions of people who would give them a market for millions of dollars worth of goods if they made half the effort to get to them that they do to the illusive East. The animus and the selfishness which inspire the protected manufacturers is tersely told in the last reproving sentence of this extract, when he told them that they acted not like American citizens, desiring the welfare and prosperity of their country, but went to Washington to promote their own particular interests, regardless of the result this might have on other interests or on the prosperity of the country at large. Protection is essentially selfish and selfishness cannot be patriotic.

NO PETROLEUM. NO SUGAR.

The differential duty imposed by Secretary Gage on Russian petroleum has elicited the information from the Russian Prime Minister that no Russian petroleum is exported to this country. The differential duty recently imposed on Italian sugar has also elicited the information that no Italian sugar is exported to this country. Assuming that this is so, and that the Secretary of the Treasury knows, or should have known, how much of these things we import, doesn't it look like a lack of good judgment to impose differential duties on goods that we do not import to offset the export bounties the Russian and Italian Governments are alleged to pay on exported petroleum and sugar? It seems to us that there would have been more business in it to have selected something which we do import in considerable quantity, and if that couldn't be found, let the matter go along and try to get even in some more effective way. Imposing duties on things we do not import puts nothing into the Treasury, but injures trade and provokes tariff wars by which we become the greatest losers.

In discussing our tariff, our export trade, and these differential duties some of the European papers take the position that a tariff which enables American manufacturers to ship their goods to foreign markets and sell them for less than they say they can afford to sell at home, operates practically as an export bounty and therefore this country does, in a different way, precisely what the export bounty Governments do, and what this Government objects to and tries to offset by differential duties. This is a logical contention. The protective tariff is simply a bounty to the manufacturer, or producer of the protected articles.

MOUNTAINS OF IT.

In commenting upon the suggestion of THE STAR that the Southern Railroad Company, which owns and operates the Cherokee branch, utilize the marble of that section in erecting buildings along its lines, and thus help to bring this stone to public notice, the Raleigh *Post* says:

"We copy from our friend, the Wilmington STAR, a second reference to the valuable marble formations of Cherokee county, and desire to emphasize its excellent suggestion that the Southern Railroad use these marbles in the buildings which that great system may have occasion to erect at many points along its lines. The Southern could render that section of the State no greater service just now than to bring into public view, by such use, the valuable marbles upon which its rails are laid for miles.

"The truth is, we fear, that this stone is neglected on account of its very abundance and cheapness. Above the railroad track, along the Nanthahala river, one dynamite car tridge would blow off tons upon tons of the finest marble, but as explosives are never tolerated, a half dozen iron wedges could be used, and in a few hours prize off a train load. The road runs by and under a solid wall of beautiful stone for several miles, until the grades rise above it, when the track for miles is laid upon it. This gives some idea of its accessibility and availability. If the Southern would initiate the movement, we have no doubt that within a few years an immense business would develop, greatly to the advantage of the road as well as the section.

There are a half dozen or so companies in this State engaged in quarrying and shipping granite and sandstone, much, doubtless the larger part, of which is shipped out of the State. These companies, judging from the shipments they make and the large number of men they employ, must be doing a paying business. One of the quarries which does a very large business is near Mount Airy, and the road over which its granite is transported runs within a short distance of a little mountain of marble which has never been utilized in anyway that we know of excepted being burned for lime. It has the appearance of a beautiful and durable building stone. That deposit is within a couple of hours by rail from Greensboro. If it were that close to one of our Northern towns it would be worth a mint of money.

It is said that a New Orleans policeman who owns 100 acres of land near the gushers in the Beaumont, Texas, oil field, has had his $1,000,000 offer raised to $1,500,000, but he is holding out for $2,000,000 and still holding on to his billet.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— One great lesson the citizens can learn from the strike is the necessity of diversifying the industries in this city. Instead of having one or two great industries, there should be a hundred smaller industries.—*Newport News Herald, Dem.*

—— The window glass makers have given another tariff lift to the prices of their commodity. The necessities of the whole body of the people in this window glass tax are made the opportunity and occasion for legalized extortion at the hands of a very few. The stalwart Protectionists would tax sunlight if they could, but as that is impracticable they approach as nearly as possible to a sun tax by a tax on window glass.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— It is quite probable that the *San Juan News* is the first foreign-American news-paper to give an entirely safe interpretation of the supreme court's recent insular decisions. It says: "We are and are not a part of the United States. We are and are not a foreign country. We are and are not citizens of the United States. We are and are not to have our money back. The tariff is and is not void. The constitution does and does not extend and its limitations do and do not apply."—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— "Russia," says Engineering, "seems to stand to-day where America stood half a century ago, on the threshold of an industrial prosperity and development, which must soon awe the world by its rapid and stupendous growth." And M. de Witte, it will be noted, appears to be disposed to help its cause along by adopting American protective tariff methods. Success to them. The best way to test them is to apply them generally and enforce them thoroughly.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— The average Chinaman doesn't feel that he needs Christianity. He has excellent teachings of his own which he doesn't follow.—*Puck.*

— The Candid Suburbanite—"I suppose people around here raise their own vegetables?" "Some do; others merely plant them."—*Puck.*

— One Phase of Her Difficulties: "Pa, what is a grass widow?" "A grass widow, Johnnie, is a lady who has to run her own lawn mower."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

— Our Necks in Peril: "The latest trust seems to have us by the throat worse than ever." "What is it?" "A $30,000,000 collar trust."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— No Disappointment: Isn't your new house taking longer to build than you expected? Oh, no. I've only spent twice as much on it, so far, as I anticipated.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Quick Action—"I got quick action on my garden seeds," said Cumso. "They came up next day." "How do you account for such rapid germination?" asked Cawker. "My next door neighbors' hens did it with their little scratchers."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Might be worse: Practical Father (angrily)—"I am told that that young man who comes to see you writes poetry." Daughter—"Yes, father, he does." "Huh! Publishes it, too. I suppose?" "No. No one will print it." "Then there's some hope for him."—*New York Weekly*

— Breaking the Record—"I see that it costs $82 to fire a single shot from a 16 inch rifled gun." "Is that all? It cost me a cool $1,000 for a single shot from a four inch revolver." "What did you shoot?" "My neighbor's fancy Jersey cow."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "Don't you think that a man who participates in politics ought to have some sort of qualification beyond that of mere citizenship as it is now defined?" "Well," answered Senator Sorghum, after giving the question the thought that its gravity demanded, "of course he ought to be able to count money."—*Washington Star.*

— "Exchange—"You owe this country nearly everything you possess in literature," remarked the Englishman. "Yes," answered the American business man; but by the time our capitalists get through, you may owe us enough for locomotives and other things to more than offset the account."—*Washington Star.*

— Those Dangerous Schoolma'ams: Do you remember that schoolma'am that I was so much mashed on when we went to school together down at the Forks? Yep. Where is she now? "I left her at my home half an hour ago. Then you married her, after all? Not much I didn't. She married my youngest boy.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— A Doubtful Compliment: Rose—I heard some one pay you a compliment yesterday, Marie.—Did you really, Rose? Oh! what was it! Rose Oh, they called you pretty. Marie—Honest? Tell me just what they said. Rose—Well, we were talking about your wanting the leading role in our amateur play, and some one remarked, "She's a pretty one for such a part as that!"—*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.*

Cold Steel Or Death.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bittters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50 cents cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fevers, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: There will be six capital cases for trial at the coming term of the Superior Court. These made necessary the special term which has been called.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligence*: Mr. James Tarlton killed a horned snake in the field of his father, Mr Davis, Tarlton, three miles from town, a few days ago This particular snake carried its horn on its tail and made a noise like a rattle snake.

— High Point *Enterprise*: The Carolina Spoke and and Bending Company, in which Mr. J. Elwood Cox, of this place, is interested, has been incorporated by the Secretary of Stat. The authorized capital is $100,000, divided into 1,000 shares of $100 each.

— Tarboro *Southener*: The recent publication in the *Southerner* that Capt. E. E. Knight had sold here three cabbages weighing nine pounds per head has brought out other cabbage raisers. A. A. Nichols says that he has had one or more fifteen pounders. But N. B. Dawson easily goes to the head of the cabbage class. He has raised many weighing fourteen pounds and one that just balanced the scales at 22¼.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: Benbow Hedrick, aged about 18 years, was drowned in Abbott's creek last Thursday evening about 1 o'clock. Mr. Hedrick, in company with two other young men, were swimming at what is known as the "Rocks," about two miles from town. He was not a good swimmer and got in water over his head. He became frightened and drowned in the presence of four people. His companions did what they could to rescue him, but were unsuccessful. His body was recovered about half an hour after he sank.

— Mount Airy *News*: The crop of oats will be large this year. —— Heavy rains throughout this section during the past week. The farmers are somewhat uneasy about their wheat—fearing too much wet weather. —— The reporter says he is informed that another furniture company will probably be organized in this place in a short time. The capital stock will perhaps be $30,000. —— The creeks Sunday afternoon, after much heavy rain, spread out in the bottoms in great sheets, doing much harm to growing crops and playing havoc with the beautiful bottom land on Lovell's creek and the Ararat river. Truly, the farmers on water courses in this county have been great sufferers since they pitched their crops.

— Dunn *Banner*: A man named Stephen Faircloth living in or near Benson, six miles from here, was beaten last Friday night by Bud Hodge, John Draughon and John Musselwhite, and died Saturday following. It seems that these men were drinking and were out for sport and mischief. They went to this man Faircloth's house after midnight and went in, the door not being locked, and tried to get his daughter up to dance with them, in fact, they arrousered the whole family. Mr. Faircloth asked them to behave themselves and get out, but instead of this they got a gun and beat him unmercifully, causing his death the next day. Mrs Faircloth also received a blow from one of the murderers. They were arrested and placed in Johnson county jail to await the action of the court —— Mr. J J. Wilson lost all of his blood hounds several weeks ago, He has recently bought two more, one of them said to be the finest in the State. He is only six months old and has run down seven criminals within the last six months who are now in the penitentiary.

SHE HAS A NEW VALISE.

Why She Bought It and Why, Also, She Will Not Lend It.

A Portland woman tells this story, which may have a moral:

Several years ago her husband made her a present of a traveling bag made of black Russia leather, handsomely mounted and strong and serviceable. She had had it only a few days when the sister-in-law of her boarding mistress borrowed it to take with her to the White mountains. It looked so much nicer than her own was her apology. It had only been returned a few days when a friend who was going to take a little journey up among the hills of Oxford county begged the loan of it, and again it was taken down from "the upper shelf."

Then another friend was to make a visit of a few weeks in Montreal. Could she take it? She could and did. By this time the new look had vanished, and still its owner had had no occasion to carry it.

One evening a favorite cousin called. He was captain of a brig which was to sail for the coast of Africa the next day, but he himself was going on a steamer via England. Did his cousin have a valise she wouldn't need for six months or so? Reluctantly the traveling bag was produced, and that was the last time the lady saw it for two years, when it reached her by the hand of a sailor from the brig. But it was in such a battered and forlorn condition that she consigned it to the waste barrel.

In the meantime she had bought a new valise, which she declined to lend. —Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

A Thoughtful Little Wife.

Young Wife—My dear, there is a gentleman waiting in the other room. He wants to speak to you.

He—Do you know him?

She—You must forgive me, darling, but of late you have been troubled with a cough, besides, you take so little care of yourself, and—oh, if you only knew how anxious I am about you. Suppose I were to lose you, love." (She bursts into sobbing and throws herself on his breast.)

He—Come, my dear, silly child, do be calm, do be calm. People don't die of a slight cold. Still, if it will pacify you, show the doctor in. Who is it? Dr. Pallot, eh?

She—It isn't a doctor. It is—it is—a life insurance agent!

Siam's Weights and Measures.

In Siam the liquid measure used is derived from a cocoanut shell which is capable of holding 830 tamarind seeds, and 20 of these units equal the capacity of a wooden bucket. In dry measure, 830 tamarind seeds make one "k'anahn," and 25 "k'anahn" make one "sat," or bamboo basket; 80 "sat" make one "kwien," or cart. This is an example of the primitive origin of most units of weights and measures.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There's no health till it's overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

PROBING THE CLAIMS

HOW STREET RAILROADS MEET DEMANDS FOR DAMAGES.

Minute Examinations Made to Guard Against Fraud—Generally a Compromise Results Instead of a Legal Complication.

There is no more striking example of fine and logical system than the claim department of a great street railroad corporation. Indeed it would be system run mad were it not for the fact that every link in the long chain of events which binds an accident to a settlement is, on the one hand, a safeguard to the company against fraud and, on the other, an assurance to the honest claimant that his case is receiving a careful and searching investigation.

The number and variety of the demands for damages made upon a street railroad corporation are surprising, but no matter how trivial or how serious a complaint may be all are treated exactly alike and all are subject to the same routine, whether it be Giuseppe Caponsacchi, whose pushcart has lost a wheel, or the banker who has been thrown from his carriage.

The claim department of one of the largest street railroad corporations in the country employs 70 men. Last year those 70 men investigated nearly 20,000 claims and paid damages amounting to $700,000, an average of $35 a claim. The claim department has to contend with every sort of fraud, and it is partly to stamp fraud as fraud that an intricate system has been built up.

Two cases illustrating the desire of the general public to "do" a railroad corporation came up recently not 1,000 miles from New York. A servant girl who stuttered so badly that she couldn't announce a visitor's name without getting tangled asked a street railroad company for damages. She said that a car started suddenly and threw her to the pavement. When she recovered from the shock she found that she had an impediment in her speech. It was proved to the satisfaction of every one except the girl and her lawyer that she had stuttered ever since she began to talk.

In another instance a man who asserted that he had been permanently injured in a collision sued the company for $25,000 damages. Two days before the trial the company's attorney invited him to compromise for $4,500. He declined. When the case came to trial, the judge dismissed it on the victim's own testimony. These instances may be exceptions. If they are exceptions they prove a rule which points to the necessity for a careful and systematic investigation by the claim department of every claim presented.

It is interesting to trace the various steps which lead up to a settlement. Suppose a trolley car runs into a truck driven by John Doe of 100 East One Hundreth street. A wheel is knocked off the truck and John Doe hits the pavement with his head. The conductor and the motorman immediately jump from the car. Allowing John Doe to shift for himself, they get the names and addresses of as many witnesses of the accident as possible. When they finish their run, they fill out blanks, which are kept at each depot.

Certain questions on each blank must be answered—for example, the number of the car, the number of passengers aboard at the time of the accident, whether night or day, whether an inspector was present, the policeman present and his number and so on at some length. It is always difficult to induce witnesses to give their names, and they are likely to hide behind fictitious names or the names of friends, a practice which sometimes leads to unpleasant complications.

The reports made by the motorman and conductor, with the names of the witnesses, are immediately referred to the central office, where the case is turned over to the chief investigator. He sends his subordinates out to see the witnesses. In as many cases as possible signed statements of the circumstances of the accident are obtained. The reports of the investigators and the wagon builder are handed over to a force of typewriters, who transcribe the written statements and collocate them as "Case No. 18,000" or whatever number it may happen to be. The doctor who attended John Doe sends to the company a statement of the extent of his patient's injuries, and the company's physician calls up the doctor on the telephone to get his professional opinion on Mr. Doe's case. Then "No. 18,000" goes to a reader.

The duty of the reader is to examine carefully the papers in the case as put before him in the form of the reports from the investigating department. He is supposed to separate the salient points from the mass of detail. He must report the number of witnesses seen, how many favor the company and how many favor the truck and John Doe and whether in his judgment the company is liable. Then he turns over the case to the claim adjuster. Up to this point the investigation may have occupied two days or two weeks.

The claim adjuster is a lawyer, with a lawyer's insight into human nature and a lawyer's appreciation of the power of Mammon. He decides at just what price the company should settle and sends his men out to see John Doe and the owner of the truck. If these last are wise, they will sign receipts and accept what the company sends. If they aren't, the case will go to the courts. The price set by the claim adjuster is likely to be final, and discretion is generally the better part of valor.

This, in brief, is the process through which each of perhaps 20,000 claims must go. So thoroughly is the work done that no claimant ever receives excessive damages. He gets what he deserves and not a cent more.—New York Mail and Express.

Uncle Sam and Foreign Navies.

The collection of photographs from life of foreign naval vessels in the possession of the office of naval intelligence is probably not excelled by any similar collection in the world. Through our naval representatives abroad this department has been steadily gathering information in this form for many years past, and it is not too much to say that, with the information in store here, the navy department can inform itself at once of the exact force of any nation at any designated point of the globe. The information relates to personnel and material and is in the main exact and official.—Boston Globe.

King Humbert's Pine Trees.

King Humbert took great pride in his pine grove and one day, arriving unexpectedly, found a forester preparing to cut down a tree.

"What are you about?" asked the king.

"This pine is growing too tall, your majesty."

"Would you like it if I ordered your feet to be cut off because you are taller than your fellows?"

The hint was enough and the tree left unmolested.—London Telegraph.

A Russell Anecdote.

Lord Russell once presided at a dinner given for Sir Henry Irving on his return from America. While the dinner was in progress Lord Russell suggested to Comyns Carr that he propose Sir Henry's health. "I can't make speeches, you know," he said.

Sir Henry gently replied, "I heard you make a fine speech before the Parnell commission."

To which the pungent Irishman answered, "Oh, yes, but then I had something to talk about!"

Fixed It.

Mamma—Now, Freddy, mind what I say. I don't want you to go over into the next garden to play with that Binks boy. He's very rude.

Freddy (heard a few minutes afterward calling over the wall)—I say, Binks, ma says I'm not to go in your garden because you're rude, but you come into my garden—I ain't rude.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Legal Quibble.

"There is a story," the doctor said, "of a man who was sued for debt not long ago. The case went against him, and the court gave judgment for $300. His lawyer told him he would have to pay it, as he was an unmarried man. He hustled out and in a few hours came back with a wife and a plea in due form that he needed his salary for the support of his family. He got off free."

"I don't believe that was constitutional," said the professor after a moment's reflection.

"Why not?"

"Because it was annex post facto."—Chicago Tribune.

What She Wanted to Know.

"My dear child, you really should not eat your pudding so quickly."

"Why not, mamma?"

"Because it is dangerous. I once knew a little boy about your age who was eating pudding so quickly that he died before he had finished it."

"And what did they do with the rest of his pudding, mamma?"—Exchange.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—	
2 ℔ Jute	7½@ 8¼
Standard	@ 7½
Burlaps	6 @ 6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—	
Hams ℔ ℔	13½@ 14
Sides ℔ ℔	9 @ 10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	10 @ 11
DRY SALTED—	
Sides ℔ ℔	8¾@ 9
Shoulders ℔ ℔	8¾@ 9
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—	
Second-hand, each	1 35 @ 1 40
Second-hand machine	@ 1 45
New New York, each	@ 50
New Old, each	@ 50
BRICKS—	
Wilmington ℔ M	7 00 @ 7 50
Northern ℔ M	9 00 @ 14 00
BUTTER—	
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20 @ 25
Northern ℔ ℔	25 @ 30
CORN MEAL—	
Per bushel, in sacks	60 @ 62½
Virginia Meal	60 @ 60½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 10 @ 1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—	
Sperm	15 @ 16
Adamantine	9 @ 11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—	
Laguyra	11 @ 12½
Rio	9 @ 11
DOMESTICS—	
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@ 5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s	@ 70
FISH—	
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @ 30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00 @ 15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @ 18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl	8 00 @ 9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @ 14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 50 @ 4 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	3 50 @ 4 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @ 3 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @ 10
Extra	4 25 @ 4 50
FLOUR—℔ B—	
Low grade	3 00 @ 3 25
Choice	3 25 @ 3 50
Straight	3 50 @ 3 75
"Patent"	4 25 @ 4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	9 @ 10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—	
Corn, from store, bgs—White	58½@ 65
Mixed Corn	57½@ 61
Car-load, in bgs—White	@ 60
Oats, from store	36 @ 40
Oats, Rust Proof	45½@ 45
Cow Peas	90 @ 1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—	
Green salted	4 @ 5
Dry flint	10 @ 11
Dry salt	9 @ 10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s	95 @ 1 00
No 1 Timothy	80 @ 90
Rice Straw	90 @ 95
Eastern	90 @ 95
Western	80 @ 90
North River	2½@ 3
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	
CHEESE—℔ lb—	
Northern Factory	13 @ 15
Dairy Cream	13½@ 14
Half cream	10 @ 13½
LARD, ℔ ℔—	
Northern	7½@ 9¾
North Carolina	9 @ 10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @ 1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M—	
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 50 @ 20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @ 22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @ 15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—	
Barbadoes, in hogsheads	@ 25
Barbadoes, in barrels	@ 28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29 @ 31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29 @ 33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @ 14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @ 15
Syrup, in barrels	15 @ 25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@ 4 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—	
City Mess	@ 18 00
Rump	@ 17 00
Prime	@ 16 50
ROPE, ℔	11 @ 12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@ 1 25
Liverpool	98 @ 1 10
American	90 @ 1 00
On 125 ℔ Sacks	65 @ 70
SUGAR, ℔ B—Standard Gran'd	5½@ 6
Standard A	5 @ 5¼
White Extra C	4½@ 5
Extra C, Golden	4½@ 4¾
C Yellow	4 @ 4¼
SOAP, ℔ B—Northern	3½@ 4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @ 14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@ 10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @ 9 00
Common mill	4 00 @ 6 00
Fair mill	5 00 @ 6 50
Prime mill	6 50 @ 7 50
Extra, mill	8 00 @ 9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 24in heart	4 25 @ 5 00
" Sap	3 00 @ 3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25 @ 2 50
" Sap	1 50 @ 1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 20 @ 2 10

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 22, 1901.

SCHOONERS

Jno F Kranz, 520 tons, Donald, J A Springer & Co.

Nokomis, 245 tons, Sawyer, J T Riley & Co.

Fred B Balano, 224 tons, Bryant, George Harriss, Son & Co.

E F Northam, 316 tons, Penndell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Sylvia C Hall, 347 tons, Falkenburg, George Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lane, 387 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Gem, 489 tons, Pearson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

James Slater, 266 tons, Peaterson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Jas C Clifford, 358 tons, Sharpley, George Harriss, Son & Co.

B I Hazard, 372 tons, DeBuhr, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Tolgorm (Br), 1,676 tons, Grindley, Heide & Co.

BARQUES.

Albatross, 491 tons, Rasmussen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—19 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 65 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 60 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—14 casks spirits turpentine, 20 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—12 casks spirits turpentine.

W. & N. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 66 barrels rosin.

S. S. Saginaw—11 bales cotton.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—2 casks spirits turpentine, 8 barrels tar, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—3 bales cot ton, 30 casks crude turpentine, 50 barrels rosin.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—135 barrels rosin, 5 barrels tar.

Schooner Leah—5 casks spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin.

Larkins' Flat—19 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—14 bales cotton, 71 casks spirits turpentine, 343 barrels rosin, 35 barrels tar, 152 barrels crude turpentine.

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. MIDY

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, June 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95c per barrel bid for strained and $1.00 per barrel bid for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.50 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel for hard, $2.20 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet at 43¼@42¾c; rosin steady at $1 05@1.10; tar quiet at $1.40; crude turpentine steady at $1.60 @2.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	71
Rosin	343
Tar	35
Crude turpentine	152

Receipts same day last year—184 casks spirits turpentine, 320 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar, 66 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 7-16 cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 11-16 " "
Low middling	7 7-16 " "
Middling	7¾ " "
Good middling	8 1-16 " "

Same day last year middling nothing doing.

Receipts—14 bales; same day last year, —.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, quiet. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm, 62 to 65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Firm at 12 to 12½c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½ to 30c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 10 to 12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 75c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Money on call firm at 3½@5 per cent., last loan 4¾ and ruling rate 4 per cent.; prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier at an advance, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for demand and at 485½@485¾ for 60 days. Posted rates 486¾ and 489. Commercial bills 484¾@485¾. Silver certificates nominally 60. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 106½; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 107; U. S. 3's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108¾; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138½; do. coupon, 138¾; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 112¾; do. coupon, 113¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 108¾; do. coupon, 108¾; Southern Railway 5's 119¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 109; Chesapeake & Ohio 49¼; Manhattan L 124¼; N. Y. Central 157¼; Reading 47½; do 1st pref'd 79¼; do. 2nd pref'd 57¾; St. Paul 179¾; do. pref'd, 191; Southern R'way 33½; do. pref'd 87¾; Amalgamated Copper 125; American Tobacco 138¼; People's Gas 119¾; Sugar 143¾; T. C. & Iron 70¼; U. S. Leather 14¼; do. pref'd, 79¼; Western Union 94¼; U. S. Steel 48¾; do preferred, 98¾; Mexican National —; Standard Oil 770@780.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 30¾@30¼; do, preferred, 53¼@53¾. Bonds—4's 85 asked.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

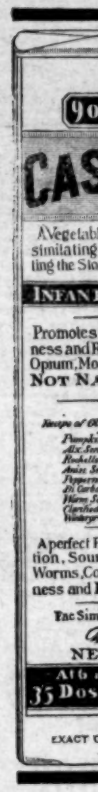
NEW YORK, June 21.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, June 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 34½c; sales 50 casks. Rosin firm; sales 200 barrels; C, $1 00; D, $1 05; E, $1 10; F, $1 15; G, $1 20; H, $1 35; I, $1 45; K, $1 70; M, $2 20; N, $2 50; W G, $2 80; W W, $3 15.

SAVANNAH, June 21.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady; rece

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHERE IS THE TURTLE?



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WHY SUFFER FROM CHILLS, FEVERS NIGHT SWEATS

ROBERTS' CURES CHILLS TASTELESS CURES GRIPPE CHILL TONIC NO CURE 25¢ NO PAY LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS ON EVERY BOTTLE

Grippe and all other forms of maladies when you can be cured by

Roberts' Chill Tonic

The world does not contain a better remedy. Many wonderful cures made by it. 25 cents a bottle. Money refunded if it fails to do the work. Delightful to take.

R. W. BELLAMY, Wilmington, N. C.
D. I. WATSON, Southport, N. C.

ap 20 D&W 1y sa tu th

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.

Assets $1,000,000.00.

Security. Prompt and reliable service. Every possible facility. These tell why we keep on growing.

UNITED STATES AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

je 16 tf

THE TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Is here now and When they want something Good to Eat let them call at

Warren's Cafe,

While in the city, for Lunches of all kinds.

Opposite Masonic Temple, 22 North Front Street.

je 12 tf

THE TEST OF TIME.

You buy Furniture for a lifetime. You base your estimate of the firm from whom you buy it of on how it turns out after you have bought it and carried it home. A firm therefore that intends to stay in business a long time cannot afford to sell anything that does not give long time satisfaction. I cannot afford to let any one buy a dollar's worth of Furniture that won't entirely please them. My business has grown to large proportions through honest treatment of the public, and that is the secret of my success.

N. P. PARKER, 111 Market Street.

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 401.

je 12 tf

STILLS IN BIG CITIES.

UNCLE SAM'S CONSTANT SEARCH FOR ILLICIT WHISKY.

It Takes More Men to Watch the Metropolitan Moonshiners Than Are Detailed in Half of All the Rest of the Country.

"When a man speaks of illicit distilling, everybody immediately has an idea that he is referring to the moonshiners of Tennessee, North Carolina and other parts of the south," said an old revenue officer the other day. "The average person would probably be surprised to learn that the person who gives the government the most anxiety in evading the tax on whisky is not the picturesque mountaineer of the southern states, but apparently the well to do citizen of New York, Jersey City, Philadelphia and Chicago. It takes more men to watch these metropolitan moonshiners than are detailed in half the rest of the country, and I venture to say that more corn juice escapes paying its quota into the treasury of Uncle Sam in Chicago alone than in North and South Carolina and Georgia put together.

"There is nothing romantic about your city distiller. He does not have the forests and the caves in which to hide his calling. He seldom fights when the officers of the law interfere with his occupation. Just now I can recall but one raid in Chicago which resulted in any one's getting hurt. Your mountaineer looks on a revenue officer as his natural enemy and considers the breaking up of 'wildcat' distilling as an interference with his vested rights. His Chicago compeer takes the matter more sensibly. He knows that he is violating the law, and when he is caught he merely figures that he is out of luck and that he might as well pay the penalty without adding any more offenses to the charges already against him.

"The most frequent location of an illicit still in the city is in or near a saloon. The distiller thus has a market for his stuff, and he can carry on the business with less chance of detection. The odor of old beer kegs and the other refuse which assails the nostrils is likely to throw an officer off the scent of the steaming sour mash. Many of these stills have a capacity of from 30 to 40 gallons a day. 'When you figure the tax thus elided, you can see whether the occupation is profitable.

"The moonshiners of the south show no more ingenuity in hiding the stills than those of Chicago. I remember one still which bothered the boys for years. They had spotted the locality, but could not find the place exactly. There was a saloon which was doing a flourishing business and to our certain knowledge they had not bought a barrel of whisky for years. When they caught on to the fact that we were watching them, the proprietors made a bluff at laying in a stock.

"We had searched the place time and time again, but all to no purpose. Finally we got one of our men put in there as a helper in serving the free lunches for which the place was famous. He staid there for three months without getting on to a thing that would help us out, and if we had not been so cocksure that we were right we would have given up in disgust.

"At last our man gave us the tip that he had landed, and we swooped down on the saloon. We put the proprietors of the saloon under arrest and went down into the cellar, where we found a trapdoor that was hidden with wonderful cunning. This opened into an underground passage, which led for a hundred feet or more until we got directly beneath a Jewish synagogue. Here we found barrel upon barrel of fine whi ky that had been stored there for years. There was also a complete distilling apparatus, although it had not been used for some time.

"Another still that gave us a good deal of trouble was in one of the biggest office buildings in Chicago, down in the basement. The janitor was an old distiller, and he had gathered some of his friends to carry on the graft. I doubt whether we would ever have caught these people if the snap had not been given away by one of the partners, who was dissatisfied with a division of the spoils. We arrested the men without any difficulty, and they served their terms without grumbling. The reason for this was that the janitor and one of his partners had banked over $5,000 apiece as a result of three years' work at their still.

"There is no doubt that there would be money in illicit distilling if it were possible to dispose of the product. That is where the men get caught most of the time, as it is not possible for us to find every plant merely by the scent of the fermenting mash. A great many tricks are planned, and some of them work for awhile, but they don't last. I have seen men walking along the street with an innocent looking joint of stovepipe in their hands. Now, there is nothing suspicious about a joint of stovepipe even if it is not more than three feet long. But it does not weigh much, and when a man carries it as though he were lugging a bag of shot a man in my business begins to wonder what is inside of it. We don't bother the fellow until we are pretty certain, and it is about even chances that we find a long, slim demijohn inside the pipe.

Saloon keepers are pretty shy of handling moonshine, and they won't enter into negotiations unless they are certain of the men with whom they are dealing. The surest graft that has ever been worked was one that had a long run in Chicago about five years ago. The driver of a brewery wagon was the man who attended to the distribution. He called at the saloon where the whisky was distilled and carried the moonshine out in beer kegs and loaded them on his wagon as if he were only taking away empty casks. He would take them around to the place and leave them. The saloon keepers who were handling the stuff always put beer in the kegs after they had emptied out the whisky and in this way deadened the fumes of the stronger liquor. One of our men who was inspector at the brewery had a pretty keen nose, and he suspected that something was wrong. He started a little investigation himself, and his inquiries resulted in our nailing all of the men who had been mixed up in the deal.

"I do not pretend to say that the revenue officers can stop the manufacture or sale of whisky on which the government tax has not been paid. As long as men will take chances on making money fast and easily without heeding the provisions of the law I suppose there is little hope of suppressing the illicit distilling in Chicago and the big cities. It would astound you if I would tell you the number of revenue agents we have to keep in Chicago. It pays, however, as there would be no limit to the traffic if we did not hold it down."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Character Told by Lips.

"Whether or not we believe in phrenology, physiognomy and kindred sciences, there are some peculiarities of feature that are quite often indicative of certain traits of character," said an observant man. "From no one feature of the face can the disposition be more accurately read than from the lips and especially the upper lip. The lower one is less prophetic.

"A person with a short, sharply curved upper lip is nearly always of a happy, lovable disposition. One with a short but straight upper lip is apt to be of a low order of intellect and coarse in his tastes. The person with a long, straight upper lip is the one to beware of. He has a will like adamant, is not always thoroughly trustworthy, is apt to be quarrelsome and jealous and is more often than not an unmitigated politician. If he is gifted with a strong intellect, he will make his mark in one way or another; if he is not, he may become a harmless person, a parasite or a scoundrel. The man whose upper lip protrudes is apt to be a shrewd business man.

"The person whose mouth has a decided droop at the corners may be a humorist, a hypochondriac or a poet. The possessor of a mouth curved in the style of Cupid's bow is indeed happy, for in nine cases out of ten he also possesses a refined, æsthetic and yet practical nature, susceptible to every beautiful and ennobling influence."—Chicago Record.

LOVE RULES ALL.

And said I that my limbs were old?
And said I that my blood was cold
And that my kindly fire was fled
And my poor withered heart was dead
And that I might not sing of love?
How could I to the dearest theme
That ever warmed a minstrel's dream,
So foul, so false a recreant prove?
How could I name love's very name
Nor wake my harp to notes of flame?

In peace Love tunes the shepherd's reed;
In war he mounts the warrior's steed;
In halls in gay attire is seen,
In hamlets dances on the green.
Love rules the court, the camp, the grove,
And men below and saints above,
For love is heaven, and heaven is love.
—Sir Walter Scott.

THEY BUILT THE ROAD.

And Could Know Where to Get the Rails to Do It.

Jay Gould once wanted to build a short line to a certain place and found rivals in the field. To Sylvester T. Smith he gave imperative orders, "Get out as big a force as possible, and complete the road before the other fellows get wind of it, and we'll head 'em off."

Smith reported presently, "Mr. Gould, we can get all the ties, fishplates, bolts, nuts and spikes we want, but we can't get the rails." "Telegraph to every mill in the country, and pay any price," said Gould. "I have done so, and there is no chance for a delivery under 12 months." "Then," said the little wizard, "go somewhere and tear up something. We've got to have rails." He indicated the road to destroy, a branch or feeder of the Union Pacific.

Smith soon had the old road torn up and the new one laid down. Then came war. Stockholders of the Union Pacific learned of the enterprise and haled Smith to court to answer for tearing up a railroad that belonged to them. To their questioning he admitted all and had no excuse but that Jay Gould ordered him to do it.

"Who is Jay Gould?" some asked. "What has he got to do with it?"

Up rose a young lawyer from New York to inform them that Mr. Gould owned all the bonds of the Union Pacific road, though not a dollar of its stock, and that he was absolute proprietor of the feeder that Mr. Smith had torn up. There never was a more surprised and mystified lot of men. They had nothing more to say.—San Francisco Argonaut.

A Night Of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lug Diseases. Only 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

DR. OTTO'S

SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS AND COLDS

Dr. OTTO'S SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES

This remedy is a strictly scientific compound of peculiar virtue. The MOST STUBBORN COUGHS not only immediately yield to this remedy, but are speedily and PERMANENTLY CURED.

Price, 25 and 50 Cents.

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

jan 13 6m su tu th

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. Does away with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death. Unnecessary to endure this terrible disease? We Pack a Written Guarantee in each $1 Box. You only pay for benefits received. 50c. and $1. Box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets, the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents. NOTICE.—The Genuine fresh Japanese Pile Cure for sale only by

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Best For The South.

Wood's Turnip Seeds.

Wood's Seeds are grown and selected with special reference to their adaptability to our Southern soil and climate and give the best results and satisfaction everywhere.

If your merchant does not sell Wood's Seeds write for Special Price-list.

Circular giving prices and information about Turnip Seeds, Crimson Clover, Late Seed Potatoes, German Millet, Buckwheat and all Seasonable Seeds, mailed on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

WOOD'S FALL CATALOGUE issued in August, tells all about Crimson Clover, Winter Vetches, Rape, Rust Proof and Winter Oats, Seed Wheats, Grasses, and Clover Seeds, Vegetable Seeds for Fall Planting, Hyacinths, Tulips, etc.

Catalogue mailed free. Write for it.

je Det W6t we sa

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ma th th sa

THE SEASHORE HOTEL.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C

Opens for the Summer, June 1st, 1901.

We have added since last season SIXTY additional bed rooms, new ball room—3,200 square feet, 50 elegant bath rooms with individual sprinklers for ladies. No more delightful resort in the South.

Hotel being but a few yards from the water's edge renders it cool and comfortable at all times. No malaria no mosquitoes, no flies. The finest bathing, boating and fishing along the Atlantic coast.

The cuisine will be thoroughly up to date, embracing everything in the way of delicacies in sea foods and choice edibles. Artesian water. Music the entire season by Professor Hollowbush's New York orchestra of seven pieces. Write for descriptive booklet, rates, etc. Address

JOE H. HINTON, Manager,

my 16 2t Wilmington, N. C.

"CHAMPION REFRIGERATORS."

"DOMESTIC" ICE CHESTS.

We now have one of the best Refrigerators that is made, and at such prices as will put them in reach of every one.

A poor Refrigerator and Ice Chest is about the most worthless thing you can possibly have. Come and examine ours.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Purcell Building.

je 6 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

IS THE

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD, Editor and Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

CASH ALL GONE!

So it will be if you are foolish enough to place your money in the ordinary office safe.

Our Savings Bank provides an absolutely safe place for your money and pays you interest for the same at rate of 4 per cent., compounded quarterly.

You can open an account with us as low as twenty five cents.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co., 108 Princess Street.

J. W. Norwood, Pres. H. Walters, Vice Pres.
je 14 tf C. E. Taylor, Jr., Cashier.

Cashier Wanted.

Lady Cashier for a Retail Store.

Address In Own Writing

"CASHIER."

Care of the STAR.

je 16 tf

If You would Buy a

Columbus Buggy Co.'s Buggy,

Either Top or Open, at your own price, come and see us.

The S. P. Cowan Livery Co.

'Phone 15. 108, 110, 112, North Second Street.

my 16 tf

SHOES!!!

OUR SPECIALTY.

But our other Departments are busy sending out extra Bargains. Whatever you need call on us for it, because our prices are uniform.

We sell nothing below cost and then charge double profit on other things to make good the loss.

Remember this. We invite everybody to call on us for cash price.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS CO.

je 16 tf

VESTIBULED WEST INDIA SHORT LINE LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:16 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Charlotte 5:30 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.03 a m
Ar Monroe	12 30 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10.01 a m
Ar Chesterf	1.42 a m	10 30 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	6.08 a m	2.40 p m
Ar Atlanta	9.00 a m	5.35 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET

Lv Hamlet	10.50 p m	7 20 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4 52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.15 a m	6.10 p m
Ar Tampa	5 40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.25 p m	8 00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norfina	3.18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Portsmouth	....	....
Ar Norfolk	7 00 a m	5.50 p m
Lv Hamlet	10.25 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norfina	3 18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Petersburg	5 48 a m	2 45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.32 a m	3 31 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	7 01 p m
Ar Baltimore	11 25 a m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.00 p. m.; Raleigh 4.16 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38 leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chesterfield 4.50 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man. ma 26 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, June 8
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, June 15

From Wilmington for New York.
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, June 8
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, June 15

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, June 11
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday June 18

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

je 7 tf

MERCER & EVANS CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 13th, 1901.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Mercer and Evans Company held at the office of the Company in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on the 13th day of May A. D. 1901, after due notice, there were present at said meeting the three Directors of the company, to-wit: Mrs. Mary L. Mercer, J. B. Mercer and S. S. Drew.

Mr. S. S. Drew was requested to act as secretary of the meeting. Mr. Mercer stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the advisability of reducing the capital stock of the company from fourteen thousand dollars to ten thousand dollars and to that end offered the resolution, to-wit: Be it

"Resolved, By the Board of Directors of the Mercer & Evans Company, that it is for the best interest of the company and advisable to reduce the capital stock of the said company from $14,000.00 to $10,000.00 and that the said company purchase of the now outstanding stock $4,000.00 or eighty shares and pay not exceeding $4,000.00 therefor and cancel the same for the reason that the company cannot use to advantage the amount of capital in its business."

After some discussion of the resolution it was on motion unanimously adopted by the vote of Mrs. Mary L. Mercer, J. B. Mercer and S. S. Drew, who compose the entire Board of Directors of the company.

Mr. J. B. Mercer then moved that a meeting of the stockholders of the company be called to meet at the office of the company in the city of Wilmington on Tuesday, May 28th, 1901, to ratify the action of the Board of Directors and that the secretary of the company notify the stockholders of the call of the meeting, as required by the by-laws of the company.

This motion was carried by the unanimous vote of the Directors.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

SAM S. DREW, Secretary.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 28th, 1901.

At a called meeting of the stockholders of the Mercer & Evans Company, held in the office of the company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., after due notice, on May 28th, 1901, the following proceedings were had, to-wit:

Mr. S. S. Drew was called to the chair and Mr. J. B. Mercer was appointed as a committee of one to ascertain the number of shares represented in person and by proxy and reported that 280 shares were represented in person and by proxy. This being the entire capital stock of the company, the meeting was declared ready for business.

Mr. Mercer stated the object of the meeting was to consider the advisability of reducing the capital stock of the company from $14,000.00 to $10,000.00 and moved that the action of the Board of Directors held on May 13th, 1901, be approved and that the capital stock of the company be reduced from $14,000.00 to $10,000.00, as such is advisable and for the best interest of the company and that the company purchase of the outstanding stock eighty shares ($4,000.00) and cancel the same. The motion was unanimously adopted by a vote of 180 shares for the motion and none against it.

On motion, the president of the company was instructed to purchase eighty shares of the capital stock with the funds of the company and pay therefor not exceeding $4,000.00 and cancel the same.

There being no further business, on motion, the meeting adjourned. SAM S. DREW, Chairman of Meeting.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover county:

We, the undersigned president and secretary of the Mercer & Evans Company, a corporation duly incorporated and organized under and by virtue of the laws of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate account of the proceedings of the Board of Directors at their meeting held in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at the office of the Mercer & Evans Company on May 13th, 1901, and of the proceedings of the stockholders at their meeting held at the office of the company on May the 28th, 1901, at which said meetings the company determined to reduce its capital stock from $14,000.00 to $10,000.00, and we do further certify that the entire Board of Directors voted for such reduction because it was advisable and for the best interest of the company and that the stockholders unanimously voted for such reduction because it was for the best interest of the company, and that the entire stock was represented in person and voted for such change.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto signed our names as president and secretary of the said company and cause the seal of the said company to be hereunto affixed.

J. B. MERCER, President.
SAM S. DREW, Secretary.
(Corporate seal) MERCER & EVANS CO.
by J. B. MERCER, President.

Probated. sa je 15 3t

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

je 6 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect June 9, 1901.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A. M. No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.13 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.36 P. M., Richmond 7.32 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M. Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 46—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 1.30 P. M., †Tarboro 8.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.32 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 10.05 A. M., Petersburg 3.4(A. M., Richmond 8.20 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 5.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.12 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 2.45 P. M. No. 56—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10 00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †2.40 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.36 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 5.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.05 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., †Norfolk 7.55 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 8.57 A. M., Goldsboro 9.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 A. M., Sanford 2.20 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 12.05 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.50 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.06 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 10 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 5.06 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.50 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrive Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.10 A. M., arrive Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount 8.55 A. M. 2.40 P. M.; arrive Nashville 10.30 A. M. 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 7.45 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 10 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M., arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M. arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 4.25 P. M., Manning 5.08 P. M.; arrive Lane's 5.53 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.37 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.51 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †2.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †5.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M. Returning leave Darlington 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.26 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 4.15 P. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M. Darlington 6.25 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 3.40 P. M. 11.16 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12 30 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M. Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 10.22 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M. 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.02 A. M., Creston 4.53 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.44 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.20 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.04 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

D. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

je 11 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 22.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY'S ORDER

Establishing Civil Government in the Philippine Islands On and After July the Fourth, 1901.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Secretary Root to day issued the order of the President establishing civil government in the Philippines. The order is as follows:

"On and after the fourth day of July, nineteen hundred and one, until it shall be otherwise ordered, the president of the Philippine commission will exercise the executive authority in all civil affairs in the government of the Philippine islands heretofore exercised in such affairs by the military governor of the Philippines and to that end the Hon. William H. Taft, president of the said commission, is hereby appointed civil governor of the Philippine islands. Such executive authority will be exercised under and in conformity to the instructions to the Philippine commissioners, dated April 7th, nineteen hundred, and subject to the approval and control of the secretary of war of the United States. The municipal and provincial civil governments, which have been or shall hereafter be established in said islands, and all persons performing duties appertaining to the offices of civil government in said islands, will, in respect of such duties, report to the said civil governor. The power to appoint civil officers, heretofore vested in the Philippine commission, or in the military governor, will be exercised by the civil governor, with the advice and consent of the commission.

"The military governor of the Philippines is hereby relieved from the performance, on and after the said fourth of July, of the civil duties hereinbefore described, but his authority will continue to be exercised as heretofore, in those districts in which insurrection against the authority of the United States continues to exist, or in which public order is not sufficiently restored to enable provincial civil governments to be established under the instructions to the commission, dated April 7th, 1900.

"By the President:

"ELIHU ROOT,
"Secretary of War."

WIDESPREAD PROSPERITY.

Dun's Review of the General Business Situation in the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 21.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly *Review of Trade* to-morrow will say:

"Increasing distribution of merchandise, particularly in the territory beyond the Ohio river, including the far Northwest, is a feature of the general business situation, and tells of widespread prosperity and confidence. The railroads are carrying more goods that may be classed as luxuries than ever before, and in spite of Wall street's slightly higher money market, there is no fear on this score in any line of legitimate trade. Crop news continues good, there is less trouble from disagreements with labor, and the long laggard cotton goods market has recovered slightly with the reduction of unsold stocks of print cloths."

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

Secretary Hester's Statement Showing the World's Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW ORLEANS, June 21.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows the total visible to be 2,948,096 bales against 2,012,128 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,865,096 against 1,390,128 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 1,083,000 against 622,000 last year.

Of the world's visible supply there is now afloat and held in Great Britian and Continental Europe, 1,457,000 bales against 1,375,000 last year; in Egypt, 148,000 against 102,000 last year; in India, 616,000, against 307,000 last year, and in the United States 727,000 against 328,000 last year.

FOWLER VS. THOMAS

Testimony in the Contest Case in the House Sent to the Printer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The clerk of the House of Representatives to day opened and sent to the printer the testimony in the contest cases of Fowler vs. Thomas, Third North Carolina district, and Dantzler vs. Stokes, Seventh South Carolina district, the contestant and contestee in both cases being present. In the North Carolina case the allegation of Mr. Fowler is that Dr. Thomas' election was secured by fraudulent votes. In the South Carolina contest the constitutionality of the suffrage provision of the new constitution of that State is involved.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, June 21st, 1901.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, June 21.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 21st, 1901:

	1901.	1900.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	50,004	16,572
Total receipts to this date.....	7,195,755	6,857,355
Exports for week..	31,964	32,195
Total exports to date	6,002,275	5,485,531
Stock in all U. S. ports.	414,813	198,308
Stock at all interior towns.....	299,966	117,776
Stock in Liverpool,	691,000	484,000
American afloat for Great Britain	70,000	43,000

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

UNITED STATES TAKES POSITION.

Against Russia's Action in Enforcement of Retaliatory Tariff.

SECRETARY HAY TO EXPLAIN.

Russia Acted Hastily and Under a Misapprehension—Hoped That She Will Rescind Her Action—Savannah Naval Stores Dealers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The most important subject discussed at to-day's cabinet meeting was that involving the assessment of customs duties on petroleum or its products imported from Russia. Secretary Gage, who has direct charge of the enforcement of the tariff laws, explained to the President and the members of the cabinet in detail the department's connection with the matter, and the history of legislation affecting it. At the conclusion of the secretary's statement, all the members it is understood expressed themselves as in entire accord with Secretary Gage in the position he has taken and requested that he make a statement covering the entire ground.

Secretary Hay will soon make representations to the Russian government fully explaining the attitude of this country and pointing out that Russia acted hastily and under a misapprehension of the facts in her position or relation. The statement of the secretary of the treasury is substantially as follows:

"Secretary Gage called attention to the tariff act of July 24th, 1897, known as the Dingley act, which among other things, provides that if there are imported into the United States crude petroleum, or the products of crude petroleum, produced in any country which imposes a duty on petroleum or its products exported from the United States, there shall in such cases be levied, paid and collected a duty upon said crude petroleum or its products so imported, equal to the duty imposed by such country.

"This provision was embodied in a circular issued to the officers of the customs, dated April 21st, 1898, to which was appended a schedule of 109 countries imposing a duty on petroleum and its products. These countries include France, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Russia, Spain and practically all of the leading countries of the world. This circular was issued for the purpose of carrying into effect the petroleum provision of the Dingley tariff law. So far as known in the Treasury Department no importation of petroleum had been received into the United States until June 18, 1900, when an invoice of refined petroleum was received at Rochester, N. Y., manufactured from crude petroleum produced in Russia. The collector of customs at Rochester held that the refined article was subject to duty as a production of Russia and assessed duty accordingly. While the importation came from England it was shown that the crude oil was produced in Russia. An appeal was taken from the action of the collector to the board of general appraisers at New York. This board on January 28, 1901, sustained the collector.

"No protest or objection, so far as the department knows, was received from any country against this decision.

"Upon this statement of facts the officials are at a great loss to understand how Russia can feel aggrieved at the government's action and inaugurate a system of discriminating duties against products of the United States in consequence. It is hoped that Secretary Hay will be able to present the facts so that Russia will rescind her action and will show that she is not seeking to be unjust to this country in tariff matters. The cabinet feels that the administration has a strong case and believes that if Russia is entirely friendly she will be made to see her action in this case has not been such as to call forth the most friendly feeling in this country."

Savannah Naval Stores Dealers.

SAVANNAH, GA., June 21.—The Board of Trade, composed largely of naval stores factors and exporters, took action to-day with respect to the tariff conflict between the United States and Russia. Savannah, as the leading naval stores port of the world, is especially interested in the imposition by Russia of an extra duty on rosins. After passing resolutions the following telegram was sent to Secretary Hay at Washington.

"Savannah Board of Trade prays that you will throw the weight of your influence in the meeting of the cabinet to-day in favor of measures that will relieve the products of the South Atlantic and Gulf States from the onerous impositions of the Russian government on account of the dispute over sugar importations."

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

Who Shall Pay for Maintenance of the Legation Guards at Pekin?

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Pending the settlement of the Chinese indemnity, another question has arisen, in reference to who shall pay for the maintenance of legation guards after the several countries have withdrawn their main forces. The legation guards are to be stationed at Pekin for the protection of the several foreign establishments there, and their presence has been insisted upon against the protest of China. It has been supposed that each government would pay for its own guard, but the point is now made that these guards are maintained owing to the inability of China to insure adequate protection, and that China therefore should bear the expense. Beside this question, one of the European Powers expects to increase its indemnity claim by $2,000,000 on July 1st, and others will make similar increases if the general subject of indemnity is not disposed of by that time.

SENSATIONAL EVIDENCE

At the Trial of Miss Fannie Kilgore at Tampa, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

TAMPA, FLA., June 21.—Sensational evidence is being brought out here in the preliminary trial of Miss Fannie Kilgore, daughter of Hon. W. C. G. Kilgore, of Sumpter county, who is charged with causing the death of Mrs. Eugene Hatfield. Mrs. F. A. Bell testified that she saw the difficulty. She heard Mrs. Hatfield accuse Miss Kilgore of writing notes to her husband. She said she heard Miss. Kilgore say: "If you were not in the condition you are, I would kill you," and saw her, she said, jerk Mrs. Hatfield's arms and kick her in the stomach. Mrs. Hatfield, mother of the widowed husband, testified that she also saw and heard the trouble about as Mrs. Bell described it.

NINE TROUBLE IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Situation Still Grave—Union Miners Gathering—Non-Union Men Guarded. Crisis Expected Monday

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MATEWAN, W. VA., June 21.—The situation throughout the Thacker, Matewan and Dingess coal fields to day is still a grave one.

Word of last evening's trouble spread rapidly and on early morning trains several Union agents arrived. They went promptly to work and early it was announced that the mob was under control, but only to plan for a concerted action of all the Union miners in Mingo, who number nearly two thousand. They are gathering here this evening from throughout the section and to-morrow, probably in the morning, the strikers will hold a meeting. One of the leaders said that if the non-union men could not be persuaded they would be compelled. That this time they would meet force with force. This causes a great deal of apprehension, and the result is to be decided. The Maritime mines and a few others are running to-day with a half force of non union men. The guards have been quadrupled, and are standing all about the mines watching every move. In all other respects Superintendent Lambert is acting as though nothing had happened. Sheriff Hatfield is still on hand, waiting for any emergency that may arise. On next Monday morning the operators will make an attempt to eject from their property all the striking miners now occupying houses in the coal fields. This will, no doubt, cause everything to break out afresh and the crisis will likely be reached on Monday.

BRITISH AND THE BOERS.

Capt. Slocum's Report On Operations in the Early Part of the War in South Africa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Captain S. L. H. Slocum, Eighth cavalry, who was military attache with the British army during the early part of the Boer war, has made his report to the War Department. At the time of the British defeat at Colenso, December 21st, 1899, Captain Slocum said he considered the situation of the British the most critical. They had been defeated all along the line, and had the Boers assumed offensive operations the English army, with long and thinly guarded lines, would have been placed in great jeopardy. Captain Slocum, also, was with Lord Roberts, and describes in detail the movement toward Kimberley. He says that Roberts was confronted with a crisis which would have staggered and been the undoing of many commanders-in-chief. His advance to Kimberley and beyond was successfully carried out and the surrender of General Cronje changed the situation, and relieved the critical position of the British army. Speaking of the Boers, Captain Slocum says they were splendid on the defensive, but did not consider offensive movements as part of their proper tactics. He speaks of the British people as a nation exemplifying the phrase, "brave to a fault," and adds, 'if they were less brave, there would have been many less faults, and more victories in this war. Caution they have not, but just bunt ahead, and take the consequences. Lord Roberts is a shining and glaring exception to this rule. All in all, I consider him to be a remarkable man and general."

He says that the English artillery had tremendous preponderance over that of the Boers, who rarely ever used their artillery. Captain Slocum says smokeless powder enables any army to conceal itself, although artillery may be located by the flash. Balloons and powerful telescopes must be used to locate an enemy.

Speaking of the march of the British army from Bloemfontein to Pretoria he dwells on the indifference of the officers to enforce orders for safety and the reluctance of the soldiers to intrench themselves. The infantry never rush in their attacks, but march calmly forward. Captain Slocum saw mounted men waiting for orders to advance, sit erect, making a perfect target for the rifle at short range. He adds: "They have not the individuality and resources of our men, but for indomitable courage, uncomplaining fortitude and implicit obedience, they are beyond criticism."

TRIAL OF THOS. G. BARKER.

Convicted of Shooting With Intent to Kill the Rev. John Keller, of Arlington, New Jersey.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The jury before which Thos. G. Barker, of Arlington, N. J., was tried for shooting with intent to kill the Rev. John Keller, of the same town, took one ballot this afternoon and returned with a verdict of guilty. Under the charge of the court they could do little else. The jurors were told they must set aside all else and decide only if Barker with intent fired at Keller. That was the law, and they must obey it. Notice of appeal was given by Barker's counsel.

Barker to night found himself once more an inmate of the county jail. He must remain there until $10,000 bail is furnished. Before him stands a possible seven years' imprisonment and a fine of as much as $2,000.

Mrs. Barker was not in the court room to hear the verdict. She was in another part of the court house and when told of the verdict sobbed bitterly. Mr. Keller was also absent and showed deep emotion when told of the verdict. Barker had expected an acquittal. He based his hopes upon the strong plea of his counsel when he dwelt upon the unwritten law that a man has a right to kill where the sanctity of his home is assailed. Whatever the effect of this line of pleading upon the jury it was swept away by the cold charge of the court, that "the story of the allege outraged, or the outrage itself, if true, was no justification of the defendant's assault."

The jury's only ballot was unanimous for guilty, and a unit for the highest degree charged. Mr. Keller, as soon as the trial was completed issued a brief statement in which he absolutely denied the truth of the allegations that have been made and published by Mrs. Barker.

Barker will probably be sentenced on Thursday next, and then his counsel will file the papers in an appeal to the Supreme Court.

Barker, in an interview to-night said: "I did not expect such a verdict. It seemed to me there was a reasonable doubt. I believe that no twelve men would convict me after hearing my wife's story. I believe that the Supreme Court will give me a new trial and that then my wife's story will be told."

FOURTEEN PEOPLE LOST THEIR LIVES

Result of a Fire Following An Explosion of Fireworks at Paterson, N. J.

MANY OTHERS WERE INJURED

Building in Which the Explosion Occurred Was a Frame Tenement Four Stories High, Occupied by Ten Families. Appalling Scenes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Fourteen people are believed to have been killed and a number injured to day as the result of a fire following an explosion among a quantity of fireworks in the store of Abraham M. Rittenburg, at Paterson, N. J. The store was on the ground floor of a tenement building. The cause of the explosion is not known and the property loss will not exceed $36,000.

The explosion occurred shortly after noon and many of the occupants of the building were out at dinner. The building in which the explosion occurred was a frame tenement, four stories high, with stores on the ground floor. The middle store was occupied by Rittenburg. Ten families occupied flats in the building.

So great was the force of the explosion that a boy playing in the street half a block away was lifted from his feet and hurled against an iron fence One of his legs was broken. A trolley car was directly in front of the building when the explosion occurred. The burst of flame blown out into the streets scorched the sides of the car and singed the hair of the passengers.

A number who were on one of the upper floors of the building when the explosion took place, were either stunned and then burned to death or found escape cut off and were suffocated. After the first explosion there was a series of smaller ones and then came a second big explosion which was muffled and deadened and probably occurred in the cellar.

Every window seemed to be emitting flame within a minute after the first explosion. A woman, her clothing on fire, leaped out of one of the windows and fell to the yard below. Her dead body was dragged out of reach of the flames, but the flesh was roasted and dropping from the bones. She later proved to be Mrs. Williams.

Mrs. Williams' husband was a cripple. His wife is supposed to have remained longer than she could with safety in an effort to save him. He was found burned to a crisp on his bed. Some of the occupants of the rooms dropped from the windows and were bruised; others hung from the windows until the firemen came, and twenty persons were taken down in this way through the fire and smoke by the firemen, while others dropped into life nets.

Daniel Dooley, who was in the yard when the explosion took place, saw the two Rittenburg children in the rear room and rushed into the flames for them. He got one of them and carried it out and tried to go back for the other, but the room was then one mass of fire and he was too late. He was badly scorched in rescuing the first child.

While the rescues were going on, the firemen were fighting the flames. Captain Allen led with a hose line in an effort to keep the fire from the upper floors where it was said many were pinned in. The men had hardly taken their positions and begun on the sidewalk to throw water into the upper floors when, without any warning, the whole upper part of the building above them sagged outward and fell. The captain and two of his men were buried under the blazing debris.

One of the men is badly hurt. The building in which the explosion occurred was entirely destroyed. Rittenburg will probably be arrested pending an investigation.

In the debris was found the head of a man or a woman. The hair is burned off and the features unrecognizable. The remainder of the body has not been found.

The bodies taken out so far are almost unrecognizable and are burned and torn by the fire and the collapse of the timbers of the building.

TORNADO IN NEBRASKA.

Terribly Destructive—A Number of Persons Killed or Injured—Houses Swept Away.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OMAHA, NEB., June 21.—One of the most destructive tornadoes to human life that ever occurred in Nebraska, crossed down the Keya Paha river at 6 o'clock Thursday evening. One family of seven are killed or fatally injured, and out of another family of six, two are killed and the rest, except the father, are seriously or fatally injured.

All communication with the outside world is cut off and it is impossible to learn what damage the storm did all along the river west of where the families were found.

Six hours before the storm the sun was shining. The storm cloud appeared about 5 o'clock and travelled down the Keya Paha river It seemed to rise up and skip some houses and then swoop down and demolish everything The tornado was preceded by a severe hail storm. Several horses and cattle are reported killed by lightning.

Everything in the track of the storm was destroyed. Trees were blown down and the smaller ones stripped of leaves. The furniture that was in the homes of the families mentioned can not be found. A trunk and pieces of a table were picked up a half mile away.

THOUGHT IT AN EARTHQUAKE.

Large Meteor Fell in Sonora, Mexico. Shock Felt Forty Miles Away.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., June 21.—A special to the *News* from Tucson, Arizona, says:

The largest meteor ever seen in this part of the country fell between the pueblos of Los Molinas and Altar, in Sonora, Mexico, on June 11th at 10 o'clock in the morning. The meteor was seen by parties in Tucson as it shot towards the southwest. Although the sun was high, the meteor illumined the sky and seemed to have burst at the horizon.

El Progreso, a Spanish paper, received in Tuscon, contains an article describing the shock at Altar and the terror of the people when the meteor fell. It struck the earth about twenty miles from Altar, but the shock there was terrific and the people thought it was an earthquake. An exploring party will go out from Altar to try and find the place where the meteor fell.

Dr. F. P. Kerfoot, corresponding secretary of the Baptist Home Mission Board, is reported by his physician to be slowly sinking.

WARM WIRELETS.

The latest advices at San Antonio, Texas, from the pursuers of Gregorio Cortez the bandit, are that no capture has been effected.

The department store of A. & S. Levy, at Victoria, Texas, was badly damaged by fire last night The loss is placed at $100,000 with small insurance.

The constitutional convention of Alabama refused to increase the Governor's salary from $3,000 to $5,000 per annum, but adopted resolutions requesting the Legislature to do so.

The little Spanish warships captured during the war are to be utilized by the navy for coast survey work. One has been ordered to Norfolk for docking, after which she will begin survey work along the shore of North Carolina.

The President yesterday signed the commissions of a number of appointees recently announced and a long list of first and second lieutenants in the regular army, among them sixty-eight enlisted men promoted to second lieutenants.

The cotton compress owned by Inman, Nelms & Company, at Houston, Texas, with 2,300 bales of cotton burned. The loss is placed at $125,000, the plant being totally destroyed It was partially insured.

Mrs Miley Calhoun and her three children were burned to death at Rogers, Texas, by the explosion of a kerosene can with which Mrs. Calhoun was filling a lamp. One of the children struck a match, causing the catastrophe.

Bob Fitzsimmons and Gus Ruhlin are matched to meet in a wrestling match at Madison Square Garden on the night of July 2nd. They will wrestle Greco Roman style, the winner of two falls out of three to be declared the victor.

Owing to the absence of yellow fever in Havana, Major Glennon, of the Marine Hospital Corps, has recommended that the quarantine be raised on passengers from Cuba destined to points north of the southern boundary of Maryland.

At Gunterville, Ala., ill feeling, growing out of the arrest of several negroes on the charge of burning the barn of a white farmer resulted in the death by shooting of Clebe Montgomery, colored, at the hands of a white farmer. Further trouble is feared.

J. Frank Cliburn, 25 years old, went to Elmwood cemetery, Columbia, S. C; and going to the enclosure where the Confederate soldiers are buried, shot himself through the heart. He was a son of the late Colonel Cliburn, of Lancaster, commander of the Twelfth South Carolina volunteers

A PROSPECTIVE LYNCHING.

Soldiers Guarding a Negro at Trinity, Texas, Surrounded by a Mob.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, TEX., June 21.—A special train bearing the Houston cavalry company and a portion of the Light Guard, has just left here for Trinity, Texas, where the remainder of the Light Guard are guarding a negro named Spencer, who was to day identified as a man who last week attempted an outrage. From a train which was not allowed to stop at Trinity the negro could be seen tied to a tree, while around him were grouped the soldiers and surrounding them was a mob of people. No news has come out of Trinity to-night. Special correspondents are accompanying the train.

A telegram at midnight from Trinity says the soldiers are still guarding the negro Spencer and the mob is guarding the military to prevent any escape with the negro

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Meeting of Directors—Vice Presidents Elected—Appointment Confirmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, June 21.—At a meeting of directors of the Seaboard Air Line railroad held in this city to day, J. William Middendorf, senior member of the banking house of J. William Middendorf & Co, of Baltimore, was elected third vice president of the system, and V. E. McBee, the present general superintendent, was elected fourth vice president. The appointment of Nicholas Maher, at present division superintendent of the Norfolk & Western railroad, as general superintendent of the Seaboard Air Line railroad, was confirmed.

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Excursion to Southport and to Sea Sunday, June 23rd, on steamer Compton, leaving her wharf between Market and Dock streets at 9:45 A. M., returning leave Southport at 4:30 P. M. and reaching city at 6:30 P. M. Fare for the round trip only 25 cents. th sa su je 13 tf

Notice—J. R. Ingram is in no way connected with the Carolina Fruit Co., dating from June 17th. R. H. Wentbrook je 21 3t

We Are again making our Summer Souvenir Photographs on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Will make one thousand only. Don't come after they are all gone. Price $2 00 per dozen. Taylor's Studio. je 18 tf

Centrally Located—Our Store is convenient for the wholesale purchasers. Call and leave your packages. We take care of them free of charge and show you a nice up to date line. Groceries, drugs, woodware and job tobacco. Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. T. D. Love, 110 North Water street. je 1 tf

For Sale—Business location on Cape Fear river known as White Hall. Property includes twenty acres of Land, Ferry, Turpentine Still and fixtures, Grist and Saw Mill, and Cotton Gin and Press, Store House and Dwelling. Apply to The Worth Co. Wilmington, N. C. my 14 tf

Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The best of their breed. For sale. L. L. Seller, city. ap 4 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. H. Harriss. Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 423. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done Black Smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. H. Kr., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 399. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion S. C. The Worth Co. oct 28 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John H. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. IY 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 1 tf

THE DINING ROOM is the sitting room in many houses. The members of the family like to linger around the table. The

FURNITURE

therefore, should be strong and solid as well as handsome. We have that kind of furniture here. Don't know where better or cheaper can be found. Easy enough to find higher priced goods.

These tables and chairs will be good when the grandchildren are housekeeping.

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CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE and SARDINES.
CANDY, in baskets and boxes.
CANNED GOODS, such as TOMATOES, PEACHES, CORN, OYSTERS, SALMON, etc.
MULLETS and MULLET ROE.
PEANUTS, Va., N. C., and Spanish
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50 Bbls. Large Mullets.

50 Barrels Medium Mullets,
100 Bags Green Coffee.
1 Car A1 Straight Flour.
200 Boxes Damaged Tobacco.
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25,000 Cigars, retail at 5c.
20,000 Cigars, retail 2 for 5c.
40,000 Cheroots.
100 Boxes Soap.
100 Cases Lye.
50 Cases Oysters.
100 Cases Pie Peaches.
25 Cases Table Peaches.
50 Packets Rice.
25 Barrels Cider.
50 Barrels Vinegar.

These Goods for sale at prices to suit the times.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

18 Market street,

apr 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Foreclosure Sale.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county made and entered at the April term there of in a cause therein pending, wherein Charles W. Worth is plaintiff and Ellen Cotten et al are defendants, the undersigned commissioner, duly appointed by said decree, will expose for sale at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the city of Wilmington, on Tuesday, the 16th day of July, 1901, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described tract, piece, lot or parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, and State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street 99 feet south of its intersection with the southern line of Harnett street and runs thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street 33 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Harnett street 83½ feet; thence northwardly and parallel with Eighth street 33 feet; thence eastwardly and parallel with Harnett street 83½ feet to the western line of Eighth street, the beginning The same being part of lot 3 in block 56, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington. E. K. BRYAN, je 16 3t Commissioner.

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Sales and Exchange Stables. Buggies, Phaetons and Traps. Also Harness of every description. Harness Repairing a specialty. Stylish Horses and Mules to suit all classes of buyers. Give me your patronage.

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The management is prudent and economical—as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

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You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

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Don't send up or exchange. A hint is enough for the wide-awake, so come and bring the children while the sizes last, to

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